



A sustainable porous spherical particle with improved texture and high oil absorptivity

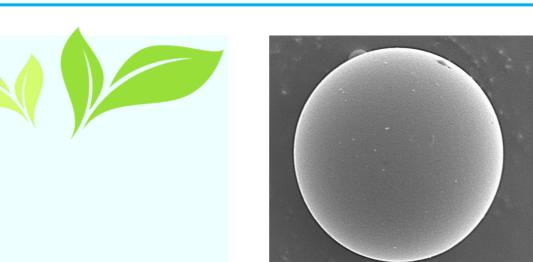


Keiko Kobayashi, Yuta Sakamoto Daicel Corporation (Japan)

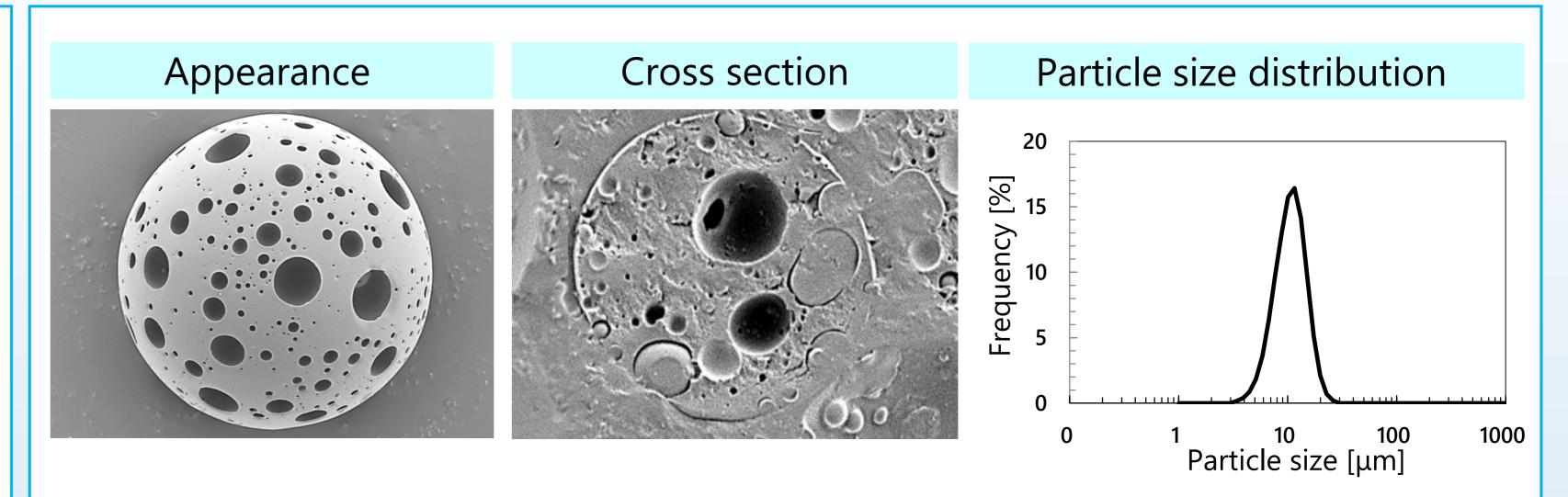
Introduction:

DÄICEL

"cellulose acetate particle" (TS-CA) \rightarrow a naturally derived material \rightarrow our original spherical particle that is



Results & Discussion:



both soft and eco-friendly

Preferable to improve oil absorption as a cosmetic ingredient

If TS-CA can be made porous. Increases oil absorption ??

As a result

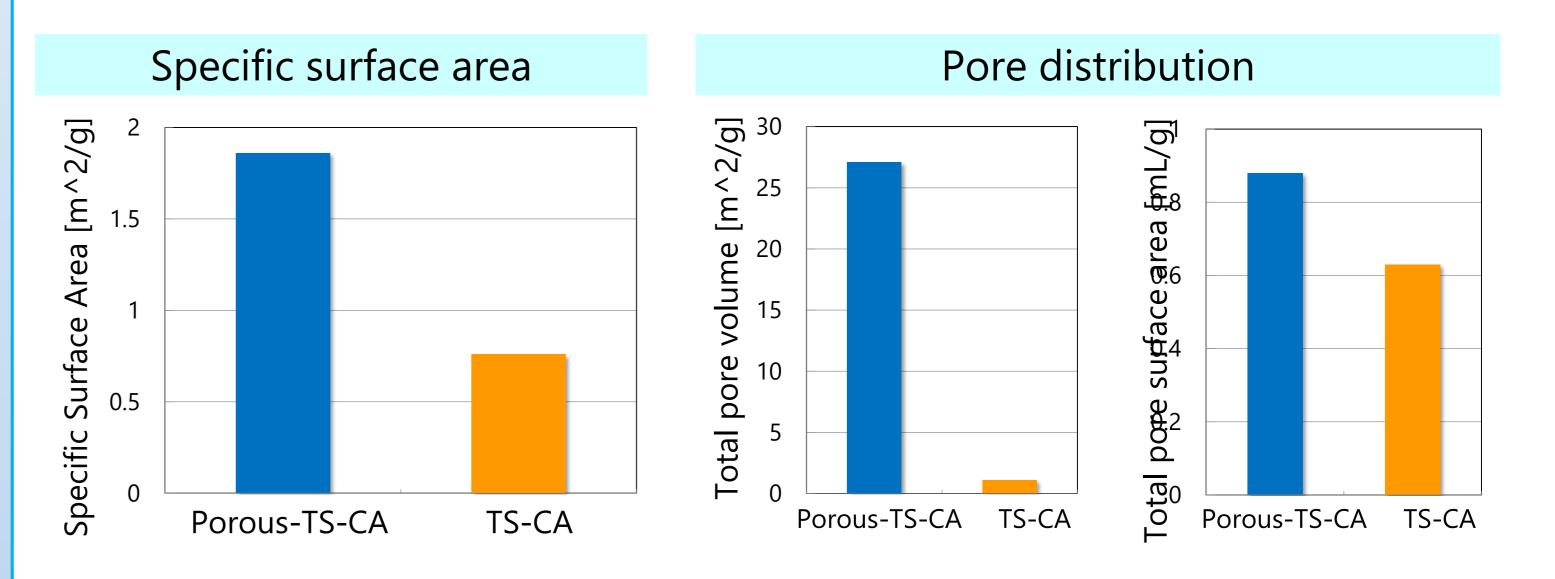
- we succeeded in developing a spherical porous cellulose acetate particle that absorbs large amounts of oil.
- In addition, we confirmed that the spherical porous cellulose acetate fine particle had improved softness compared to TS-CA.

Materials & Methods:

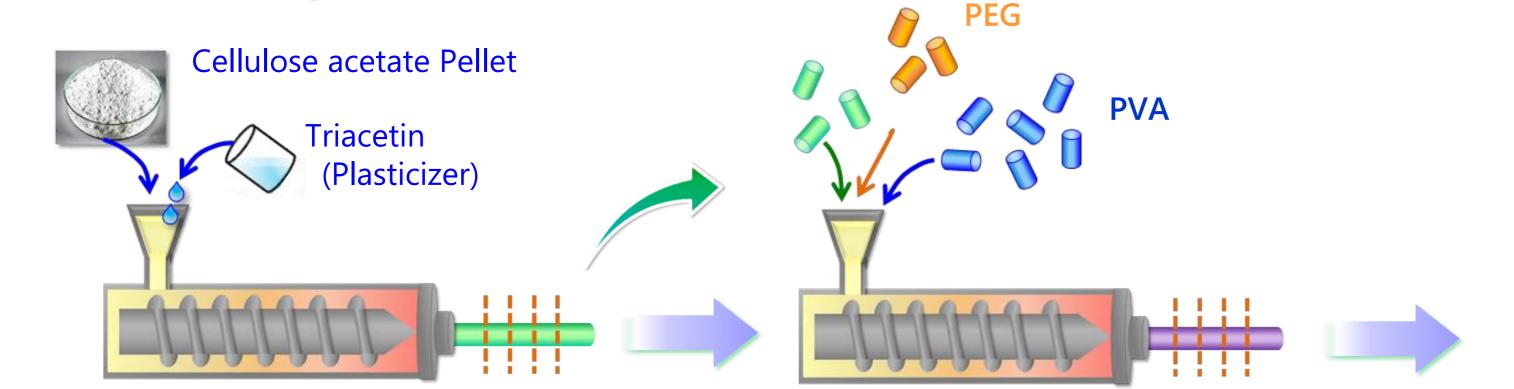
 Cellulose acetate (CA) pellet preparation (melt kneading of CA and triacetin)

2 CA pellet / PVA / PEG melt kneading

- The Porous TS-CA developed in this study was spherical and had pores on its surface.
- The Porous-TS-CA cross-section revealed that pores exist not only on the surface but also inside it.
- The particle size was confirmed to be approximately 10 µm.



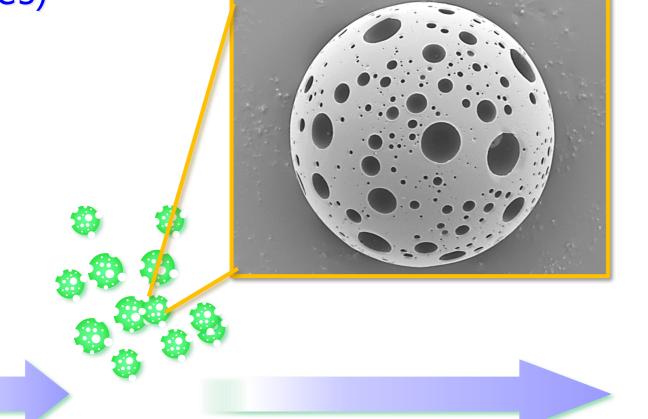
• The specific surface area of Porous TS-CA was larger than that of TS-CA.



③Wash with water (take out fine particles)

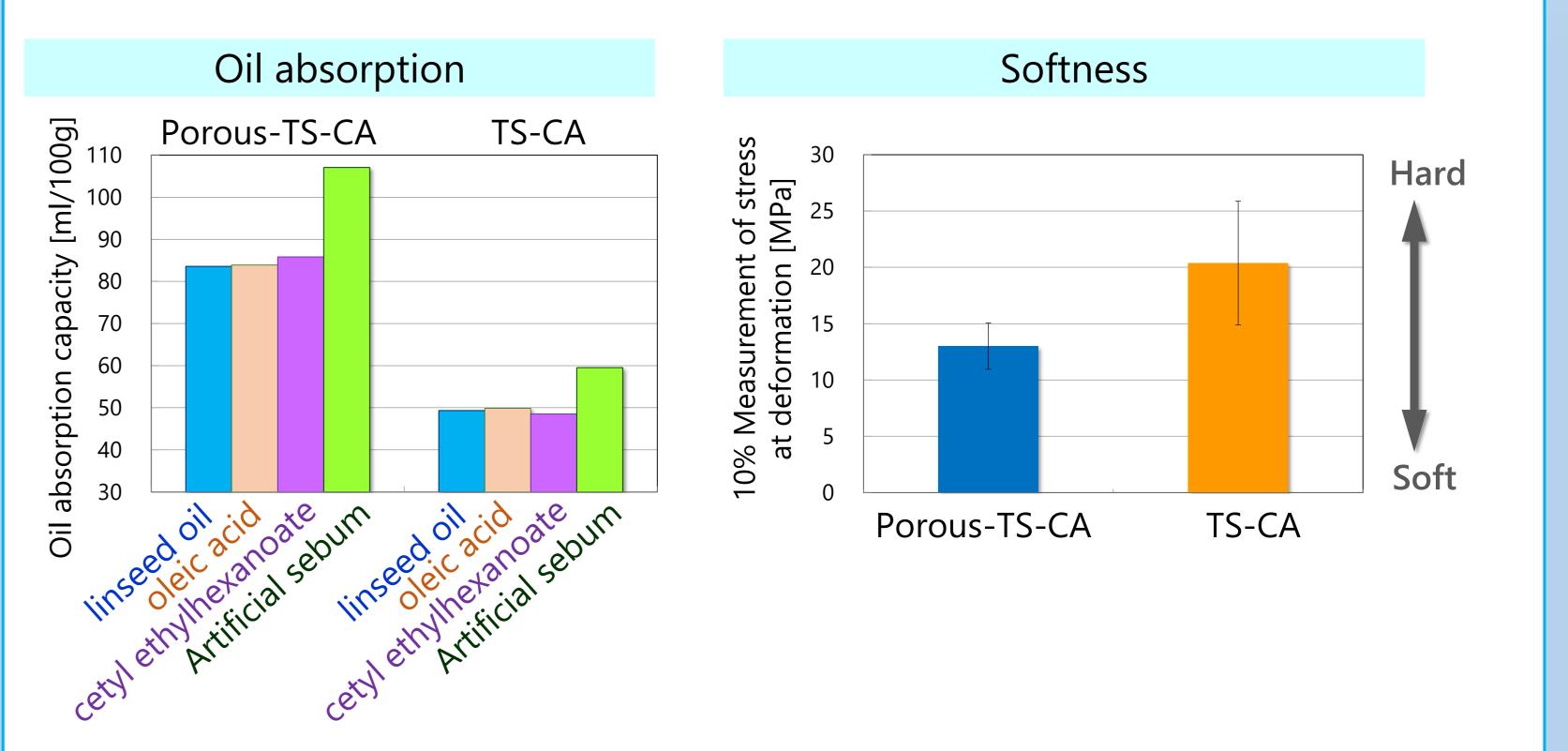
Pellet dissolution water ⇒ cleaning

Conclusions:



<u>Measurement</u>

Appearance Pores in the particles Particle size distribution Specific surface area Pore distribution Oil absorption Softness • The total pore surface area and total pore volume of Porous TS-CA were larger than those of TS-CA.



- Porous-TS-CA was found to have considerably greater oil absorption capacity compared to TS-CA with all oils measured.
- It was also found that the amount of oil absorption can be varied arbitrarily by changing the size and number of the pores.

The developed Porous TS-CA is a promising new eco-friendly cosmetic material with unique soft and oil absorption characteristics based on a variety of evidences.

In addition, Porous-TS-CA can be applied to cosmetic formulations with high emollients, providing refreshing textures. Furthermore, its ability to absorb excess sebum may be effective for preventing the deterioration of foundations.

- The 10% deformation stress of Porous-TS-CA was found to be smaller than that of TS-CA, hence considered softer.
- Porous TS-CA with larger oil absorption amount had smaller 10% deformation stress values.

From these results, it was expected that among the pores of the porous TS-CA, the pores appearing on the particle surface are contributing to the increase in oil absorption, and the pores existing inside might be making the particles feel softer.

References:

1. Kobayashi K (2020) A sustainable multi-purpose spherical particle with silky feel, Proceedings of The IFSCC Congress 2020 Yokohama, Poster-363: 3976-3981

2. ISO 787-5 (1980) General methods of test for pigments and extenders—Part 5: Determination of oilabsorption value (IDT)